

LA-UR-18-30534

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Title: Los Alamos National Laboratory Method for ^{235}U - ^{231}Pa Chronometry Measurements

Author(s): Wende, Allison Marie
Kayzar-Boggs, Theresa Marie
Denton, Joanna S.
Inglis, Jeremy David
Kinman, William Scott
Steiner, Robert Ernest

Intended for: Technical Meeting at LANL with LLNL and CIAE representatives regarding Cooperation in Age Dating for Nuclear Forensics related to NSDD work

Issued: 2018-11-02

Disclaimer:

Los Alamos National Laboratory, an affirmative action/equal opportunity employer, is operated by the Los Alamos National Security, LLC for the National Nuclear Security Administration of the U.S. Department of Energy under contract DE-AC52-06NA25396. By approving this article, the publisher recognizes that the U.S. Government retains nonexclusive, royalty-free license to publish or reproduce the published form of this contribution, or to allow others to do so, for U.S. Government purposes. Los Alamos National Laboratory requests that the publisher identify this article as work performed under the auspices of the U.S. Department of Energy. Los Alamos National Laboratory strongly supports academic freedom and a researcher's right to publish; as an institution, however, the Laboratory does not endorse the viewpoint of a publication or guarantee its technical correctness.

Los Alamos National Laboratory Method for ^{235}U - ^{231}Pa Chronometry Measurements

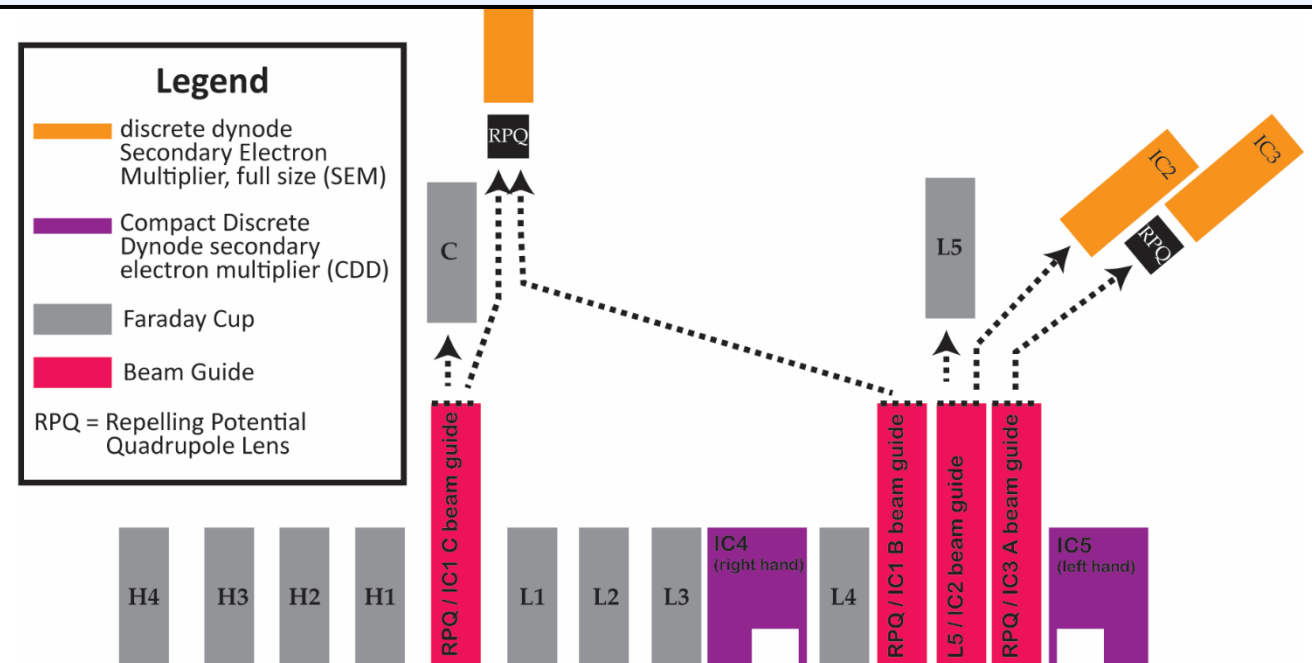
CIAE/USDOE NSDD Meeting

November 6, 2018

Allison Wende, Theresa Kayzar-Boggs, Joanna Denton, Jeremy Inglis, Will Kinman, Rob Steiner

^{235}U - ^{231}Pa Chronometry Sample Analysis

- Thermo Scientific Neptune Plus used to analyze chronometry samples
 - Multi-collector ICP-MS with desolvating sample introduction system
- Separate cup configurations for measuring PaT (traced Pa) UxI (untraced U), and UxT (traced U) fractions
- Strategies for correcting instrumental effects
 - Mass bias, gain, abundance sensitivity



Traced Pa: Cup Configuration

Traced Pa Sequence

U-010
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
U-005A
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
PaT Sample 1
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
PaT Sample 2
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
U-010
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
U-005A

⋮

Traced Pa Neptune Plus Cup Configuration					
	IC5	IC3	IC2/ L5	IC1 B	L4
PaT Samples		231Pa	232Th	233Pa	235U
U Standards	233U	234U	235U	236U	238U

Ion Counter

Faraday

Pa Sample Fractions

- ^{231}Pa and ^{233}Pa on full-size SEMs (~10,000-120,000 cps)
- ^{235}U (Faraday) to confirm purification of Pa fraction
- ^{232}Th (SEM) to monitor potential $^{232}\text{Th}+\text{H}$ interference on ^{233}Pa

U Bracketing Standards

- No certified Pa standards
- ^{235}U and ^{238}U on Faradays, ^{234}U and ^{236}U on full-size SEMs

Traced Pa: Instrument Bias

Traced Pa Sequence

U-010
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
U-005A
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
PaT Sample 1
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
PaT Sample 2
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
U-010
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
U-005A

⋮

U010
Mass Bias and
Gain Corrections

U005A
QC Standard

Traced Pa Neptune Plus Cup Configuration					
	IC5	IC3	IC2/ L5	IC1 B	L4
PaT Samples		231Pa	232Th	233Pa	235U
U Standards	233U	234U	235U	236U	238U

Ion Counter

Faraday

Exponential Mass Bias Correction

$$\beta = \frac{\ln\left(\frac{R_{True}^{235/238}}{R_{Meas}^{235/238}}\right)}{\ln\left(\frac{mass_{235}}{mass_{238}}\right)}$$

$$MBCR^{23X/23Y} = Avg R_{meas}^{23X/23Y} \cdot \left(\frac{mass\ 23X}{mass\ 23Y}\right)^\beta$$

Ion Counter Gain Corrections

$$GF^{23X/238} = \frac{R_{True}^{23x/238}}{R_{M.B.\ Corr\ set\ x}^{23x/238}}$$

QC Gain Corrected Ratio

$$R_{corr}^{23X/238} = MBCR^{23X/238} \cdot GF^{23X/238}$$

Pa Sample Gain Corrected Ratio

$$R_{corr}^{231/233} = MBCR^{231/233} \cdot \left(\frac{GF^{234/238}}{GF^{236/238}}\right)$$

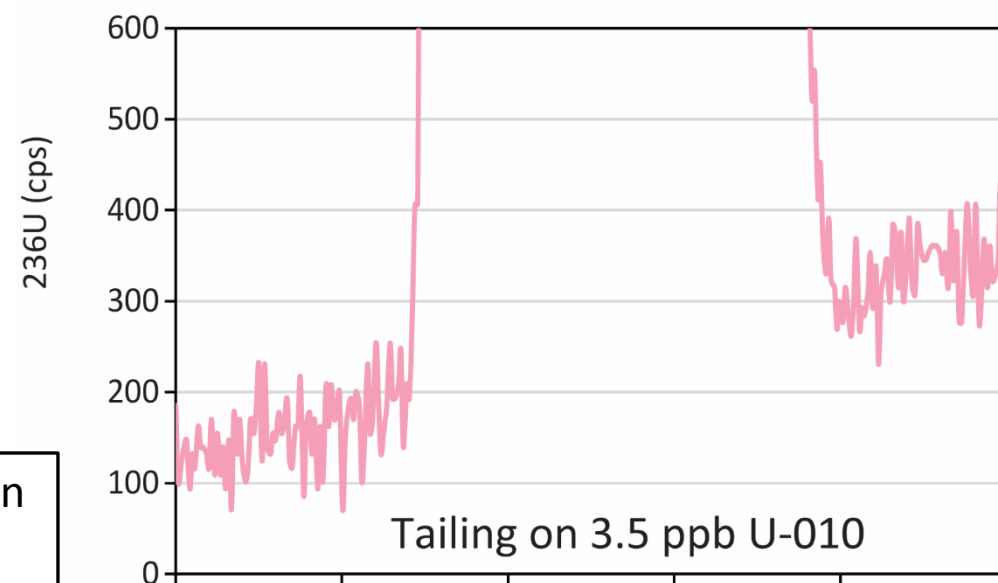
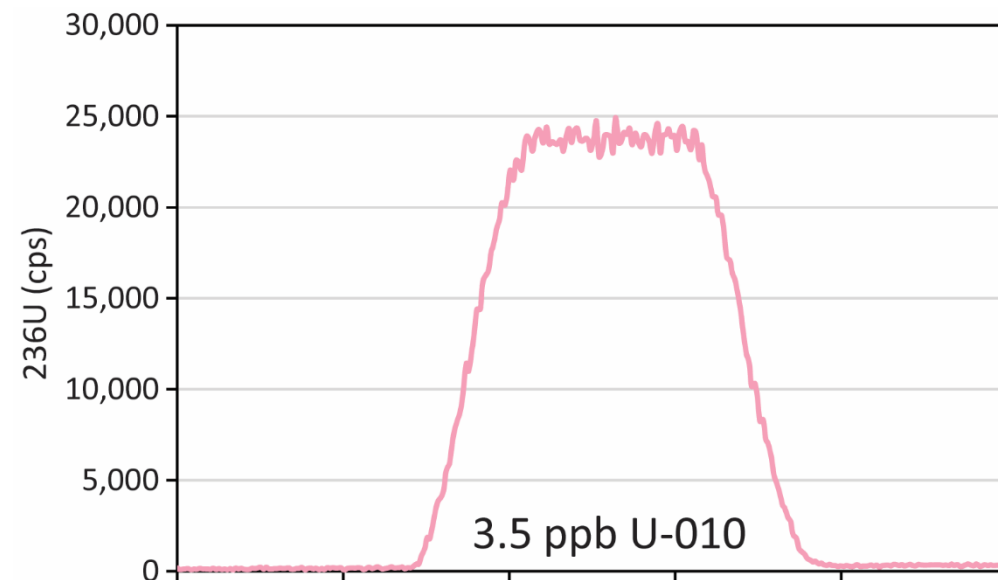
Traced Pa: Abundance Sensitivity

Traced Pa Bracketing Standard U Isotope Compositions

CRM	$^{234}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	Unc. (k=2)	$^{235}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	Unc. (k=2)	$^{236}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$	Unc. (k=2)
U010	5.45×10^{-5}	0.14%	0.010138	0.10%	6.92×10^{-5}	0.083%
U005-A	3.42×10^{-5}	0.14%	0.005092	0.10%	1.20×10^{-5}	0.083%

- U010, U005-A: well-constrained uncertainties
- > 98% ^{238}U abundance in standards
 - Tailing from ^{238}U effects $^{236}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ and $^{234}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ ratios
 - Impact ion counter gain calculations calculated from U010 and applied to U005-A QCs and Pa samples

~250 cps tail from ^{238}U on
~25,000 cps ^{236}U peak



Traced Pa: Abundance Sensitivity

- Baselines measured prior to each U standard (U010) and QC (U005-A) in the run
 - Capture any changes in tail magnitude that may result from plasma fluctuations during run
- Four baseline points measured to calculate exponential curve
 - 0.5 AMU above and below center mass
 - 0.35 AMU above and below center mass

Cup Configuration		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Number of Blocks 1 Cycles/Block 7													
		<input type="checkbox"/> Measure first line every 1 cycles													
Line No.	Mass Set	IC5	RPQ/IC3 A	IC2 L5	IC2 L5	RPQ/IC1 B	L4	L3	RPQ/IC1 C	Integration Time[s]	Number of Integrations	Idle Time [s]	Control Cup Peakcenter	Control Cup Focus	Jump Mode
1	05amu_Down	233U	234U	235U	235U	236U	238U		254.01	0.131	5	1.000	NONE	NONE	
2	035amu_Down	233U	234U	235U	235U	236U	238U		254.16	0.131	5	1.000	NONE	NONE	Normal
3	035amu_Up	233U	234U	235U	235U	236U	238U		254.86	0.131	5	1.000	NONE	NONE	Normal
4	05amu_Up	233U	234U	235U	235U	236U	238U		255.01	0.131	5	1.000	NONE	NONE	Normal

U Baseline Method
Run prior to each U010 and U005-A in the run

Cup Configuration		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Number of Blocks 1 Cycles/Block 40													
Line No.	Mass Set	IC5	RPQ/IC3 A	IC2 L5	IC2 L5	RPQ/IC1 B	L4	L3	RPQ/IC1 C	Integration Time[s]	Number of Integrations	Idle Time [s]	Control Cup Peakcenter	Control Cup Focus	Jump Mode
1	Main	233U	234U	235U	235U	236U	238U	242.692	254.51	4.194	1	3.000	NONE	NONE	

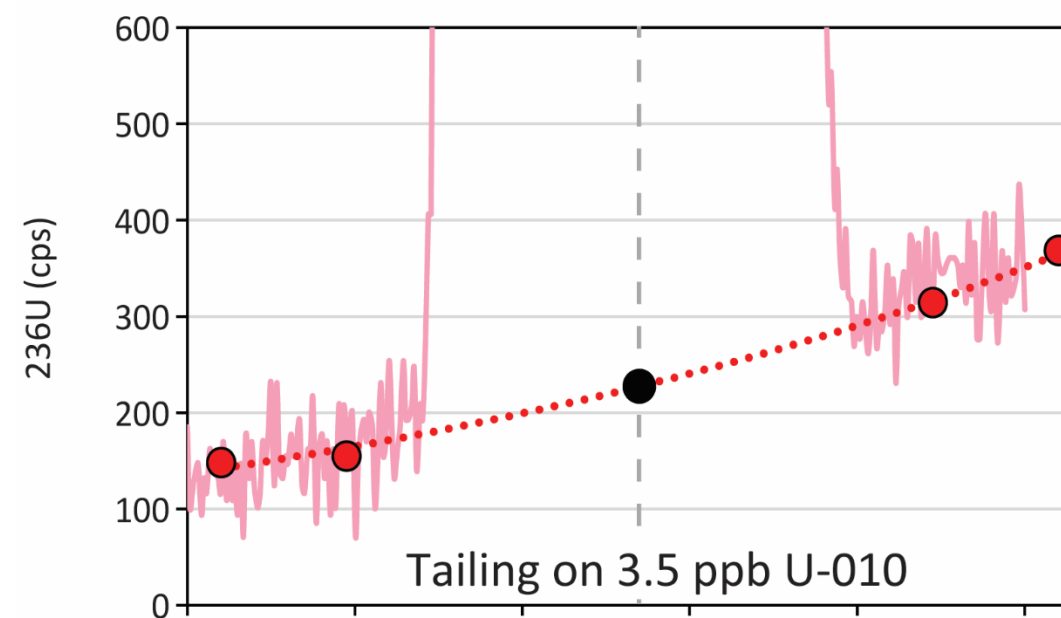
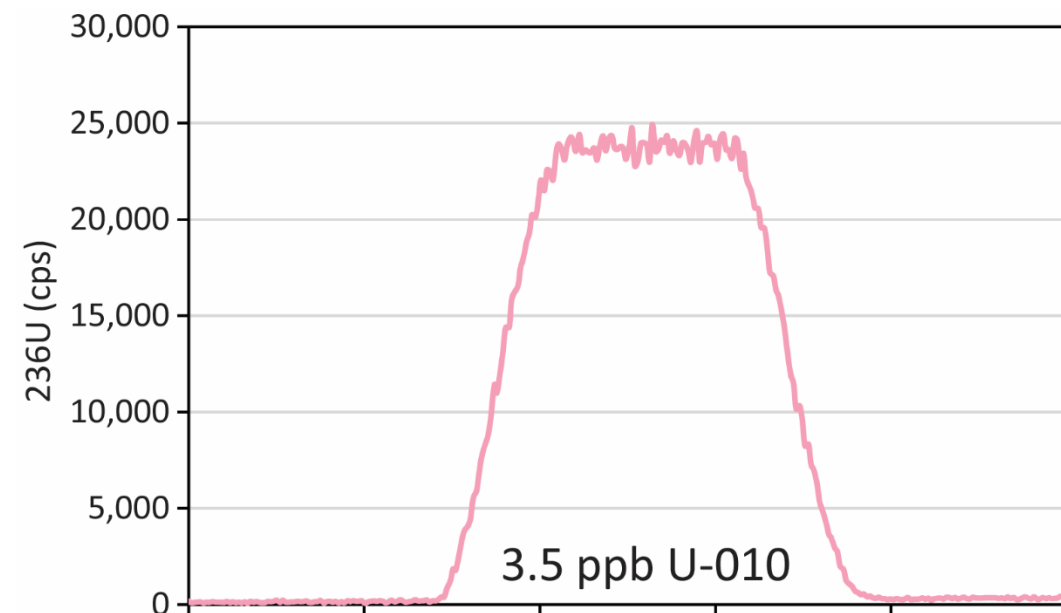
U Method
Run for each U010 and U005-A in the run

Traced Pa: Abundance Sensitivity

U010 ^{236}U Baseline Measurements and Tail Calculations

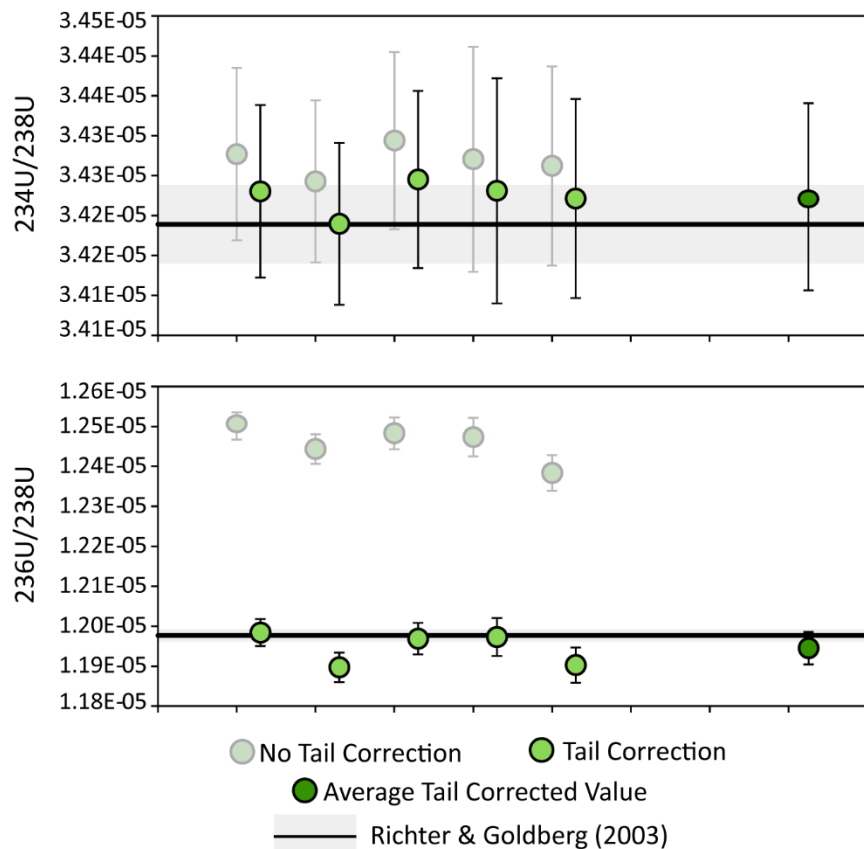
Cycle	0.50 amu below CM (cps)	0.35 amu below CM (cps)	0.35 amu above CM (cps)	0.50 amu above CM (cps)	Calculated ^{236}U Tail at CM (cps)
1	146.49	144.97	279.25	354.02	214.05
2	143.44	155.65	305.19	375.38	224.89
3	138.86	144.97	294.51	364.70	215.64
4	157.17	155.65	321.97	367.75	231.99
5	163.28	163.28	326.55	367.75	237.87
6	166.33	172.43	352.49	367.75	246.93
7	123.61	149.55	323.50	384.53	218.98
Average:					227.19
STDEV:					12.28

- Counts at four off-peak masses input into Excel growth function to calculate and subtract tailing



Traced Pa: Tail Correction Assessment

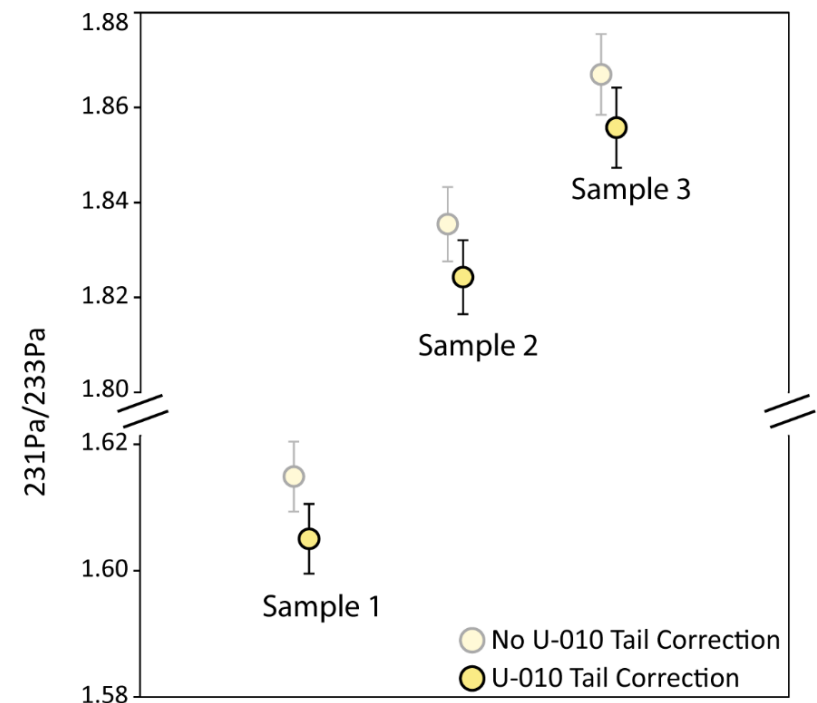
Mass Bias and Gain Corrected U-005A Ratios (k=2)



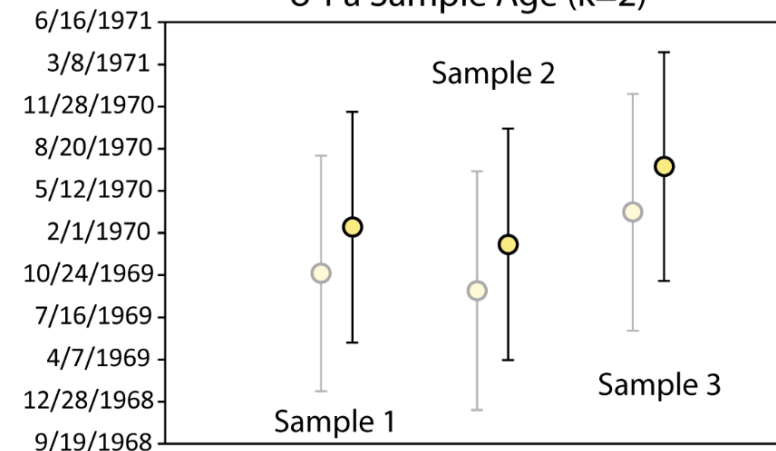
- **U005-A** $^{234}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ and $^{236}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ ratios demonstrate importance of tail corrections on minor isotopes in U010 and U005-A

- No tail corrections made to ^{231}Pa and ^{233}Pa isotopes
- **PaT samples** less sensitive to tail corrections made in mass bias and gain standard (U010)
- Without Pa standard, tail corrections vital to ensuring validity of instrumental bias corrections

Mass Bias and Gain Corrected Pa Ratios (k=2)



U-Pa Sample Age (k=2)



Untraced U: Instrument Setup

Untraced U Sequence

Untraced U Neptune Plus Cup Configuration							
	IC5	IC3	IC2	L5	IC1 B	L4	
U Samples/QCs	233U	234U	235U	235U	236U	238U	Ion Counter
U Standards	233U	234U	235U		236U	238U	Faraday

Untraced U Sample

²³⁵U on Faraday or ion counter

U standard 1

(e.g. U010, U050, U500, U850)
Mass Bias and Gain Corrections

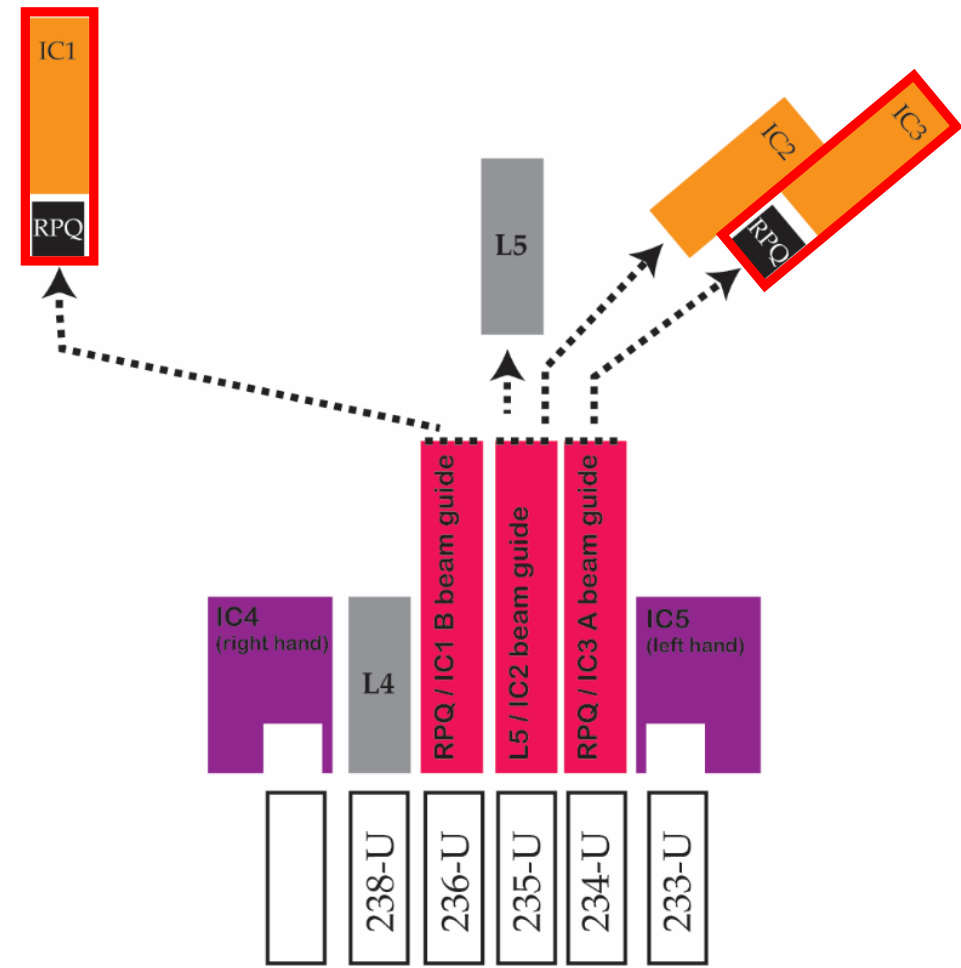
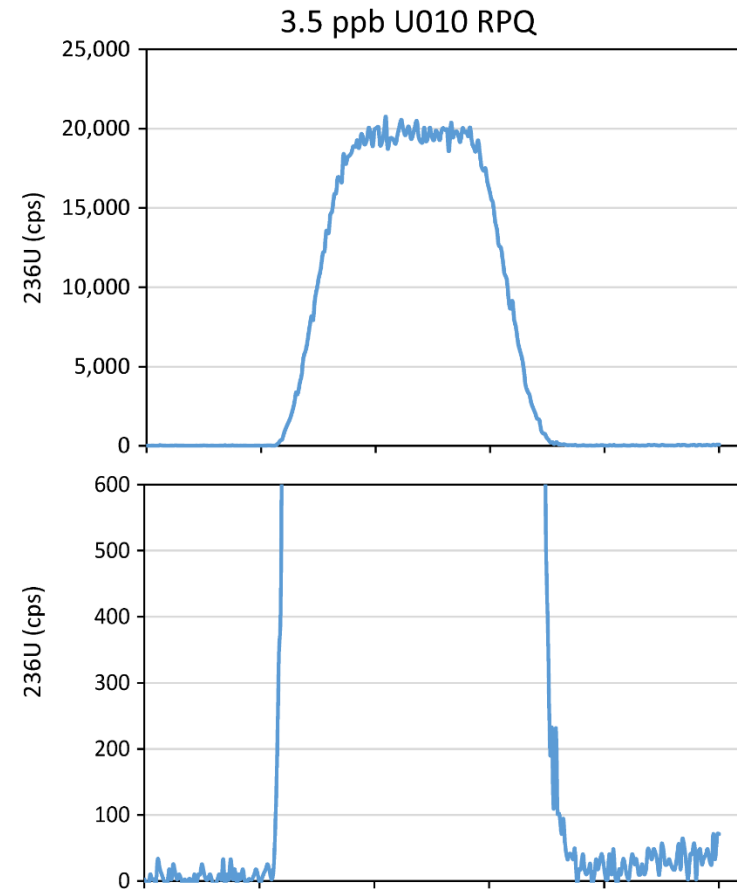
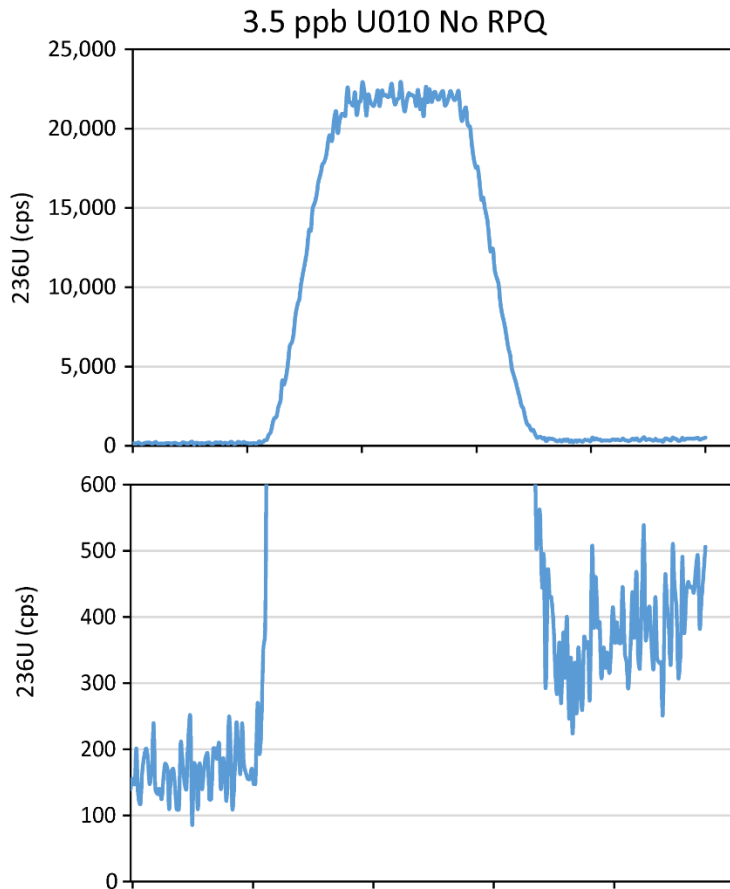
U QC Standard

(e.g. U005-A, U960, U010)
U composition similar to samples

- U samples screened prior to analysis
 - Standards with similar U isotopic compositions are selected to bracket samples
- Mass bias and gain corrections as in PaT method
 - Additional bracketing standard added to sequence if ²³⁵U run on ion counter in sample/QC to correct for IC2 gain

Untraced U: Abundance Sensitivity

- Tailing on ^{236}U or ^{234}U managed by RPQs (energy filters)
 - No RPQs in PaT method- U in standard and Pa in samples may have different transmissions through RPQs
- No RPQ on IC5: tailing on ^{233}U corrected by 4 point baseline method (when needed)



Traced U: Instrument Setup

Traced U Sequence

U Standard 1
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
U Standard 2
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
UxT Sample 1
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
UxT Sample 2
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
U Standard 1
Wash 1
Wash 2
Acid Blank
U Standard 2

⋮

U standard 1
(e.g. IRMM 74-1, U500)
Mass Bias Corrections

U QC Standard
(e.g IRMM 74-2)
U composition similar to samples

Traced U Neptune Plus Cup Configuration					
	L2	L1	C	H1	H2
U Samples/QCs	233U	234U	235U	236U	238U
U Standards	233U	234U	235U	236U	238U

Ion Counter

Faraday

- UxT samples typically traced with 1:1 ratio of ^{233}U : ^{238}U or ^{233}U : ^{235}U
- All U isotopes measured on Faradays
- Typically include standards with ^{233}U as bracketing standard and/or QC
- Exponential mass bias corrections applied using $^{233}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ or $^{233}\text{U}/^{235}\text{U}$ ratio of bracketing standard

^{235}U - ^{231}Pa Chronometry Sample Analysis: Summary

- **PaT and Uxl measurements:** combination of ion counters and Faradays
 - Mass bias corrections made with $^{235}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ ratios (Faraday-Faraday)
 - Gain corrections made using minor U isotope ratios (ion counter-Faraday)
 - Abundance sensitivity improved using baseline measurements (PaT) or RPQs (Uxl)
- **UxT measurements:** Faraday measurements
 - Mass bias corrections with $^{233}\text{U}/^{238}\text{U}$ or $^{233}\text{U}/^{235}\text{U}$ (Faraday-Faraday) ratios